

# Third Quarter Report

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Saskatchewan Telecommunications Holding Corporation

Third Quarter Report 2013
For the Period Ending September 30, 2013

Saskatchewan Telecommunications Holding Corporation (SaskTel) is a Saskatchewan Crown corporation. SaskTel is the leading full service communications provider in Saskatchewan, offering a wide range of communications products and services including competitive voice, data, Internet, entertainment, security monitoring, messaging, cellular, wireless data and directory services. In addition, SaskTel International offers software solutions and project consulting in countries around the world.

SaskTel and our wholly-owned subsidiaries have a workforce of approximately 4,000 full time equivalent employees.

Our vision is "Be the best at connecting people to their world." and our mission is "To provide the best customer experience through our networks, exceptional service, advanced solutions and applications."

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### Financial Highlights

#### **Consolidated Net Income**

		Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		
Millions of dollars	2013	2012	% Change	2013	2012	% Change	
Revenue	\$301.2	\$302.4	(0.4)	\$883.7	\$877.6	0.7	
Other income	1.7	2.7	(37.0)	7.4	7.4	-	
	302.9	305.1	(0.7)	891.1	885.0	0.7	
Expenses	269.1	256.2	5.0	809.4	766.8	5.6	
Results from operating activities	33.8	48.9	(30.9)	81.7	118.2	(30.9)	
Net finance expense	8.8	7.8	12.8	28.5	23.6	20.8	
Net income	\$25.0	\$41.1	(39.2)	\$53.2	\$94.6	(43.8)	

Net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 is \$53.2 million, down \$41.4 million (43.8%) from the same period in 2012. Revenues increased to \$883.7 million, up \$6.1 million (0.7%) from the same period in 2012 primarily due to increased wireless revenue from customer growth and increased data usage, and  $maxTV^{TM}$  revenues resulting from increased customer accesses and increased revenue per customer.

Expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 increased to \$809.4 million, up \$42.6 million from the same period in 2012. This increase is primarily driven by increased contract, software licenses and maintenance, consulting, direct expenses and salaries, wages and benefits. Depreciation and amortization has increased \$5.0 million primarily due to increased application software in service. Net finance expense was \$28.5 million, up \$4.9 million over the same period in 2012. This is driven by increased borrowing and a decrease in the fair value of the sinking funds compared to the same period in 2012.

### **Management Discussion and Analysis**

November 7, 2013

### Forward-Looking Information

The following discussion focuses on the consolidated financial position and results of the operations of SaskTel for the third quarter 2013. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with SaskTel's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012. Some sections of this discussion include forwardlooking statements about SaskTel's corporate direction and financial objectives. A statement is forward-looking when it uses information known today to make an assertion about the future. Since these forward-looking statements reflect expectations and intentions at the time of writing, actual results could differ materially from those anticipated if known or unknown risks and uncertainties impact the business, or if estimates or assumptions turn out to be inaccurate. As a result,

SaskTel cannot guarantee that any of the predictions forecasted by forward-looking statements will occur. As well, forward-looking statements do not take into consideration the effect of transactions or non-recurring items announced or occurring subsequently. Therefore, SaskTel disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. For a full discussion of risk factors, please consult Management's Discussion & Analysis in SaskTel's 2012 annual report. These interim statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard IAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting". These interim statements have been approved by the SaskTel Board of Directors on November 7, 2013.

### **Results of Operations**

#### Revenue

Millions of dollars	2013	2012	Change	%
Three months ended September 30,	\$301.2	\$302.4	\$(1.2)	(0.4)
Year-to-date	\$883.7	\$877.6	\$6.1	0.7

Revenues for the third quarter were \$301.2 million, down \$1.2 million from the same period in 2012. Year-to-date revenues were \$883.7 million which represents a 0.7 percent increase from 2012. This increase is primarily due to: increased wireless revenue from customer growth and increased data usage; increased maxTV revenues resulting from increased customer accesses and increased revenue per customer; increased Internet revenues due to high speed Internet customer growth, partially offset by decreases in access and enhanced services revenue, due to residential and Centrex access decreases related to competition and wireless replacement.

#### Other income

Millions of dollars	2013	2012	Change	%
Three months ended September 30,	\$1.7	\$2.7	\$(1.0)	(37.0)
Year-to-date	\$7.4	\$7.4	-	-

Other income for the third quarter of 2013 decreased to \$1.7 million down \$1.0 million from the same period in 2012. Year-to-date other income was \$7.4 million for both 2013 and 2012. Increased amortization of government funding was offset by one-time refunds and adjustments recognized in the same period in 2012 as well as asset retirement losses in 2013 versus gains in 2012.

#### **Expenses**

Millions of dollars	2013	2012	Change	%
Three months ended September 30,	\$269.1	\$256.2	\$12.9	5.0
Year-to-date	\$809.4	\$766.8	\$42.6	5.6

Expenses for the third quarter of 2013 increased to \$269.1 million, up \$12.9 million from the same period in 2012. Year-to-date expenses of \$809.4 million were \$42.6 million higher than the same period in 2012 primarily due to a \$24.2 million increase in goods and services purchased. This increase is primarily to support the growth areas of wireless and *maxTV*, as well as increased contract, software licenses and maintenance, consulting costs. In addition, salaries, wages and benefits increased \$15.5 million due to salary restructuring and economic increases.

#### **Net finance expense**

Millions of dollars	2013	2012	Change	%
Three months ended September 30,	\$8.8	\$7.8	\$1.0	12.8
Year-to-date	\$28.5	\$23.6	\$4.9	20.8

Net finance expense for the third quarter of 2013 was \$8.8 million down \$1.0 million over the same period in 2012. Year-to-date net finance expense increased \$4.9 million from \$23.6 million in 2012. This is driven by decreases in the fair value of the sinking funds and increased borrowing to fund the construction program partially offset by increased capitalized interest and reduced interest on the defined benefit liability compared to the same period in 2012.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

### Cash provided by operating activities

Millions of dollars	2013	2012	Change	%
Nine months ended September 30,	\$186.1	\$191.9	\$(5.8)	(3.0)

Cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 decreased \$5.8 million compared to the same period in 2012 primarily due to decreased income from operations partially offset by decreased working capital requirements.

#### Cash used in investing activities

Millions of dollars	2013	2012	Change	%
Nine months ended September 30,	\$223.2	\$179.2	\$44.0	24.6

Cash used in investing activities in the nine months ended September 30, 2013 increased to \$223.2 million, up \$44.0 million from the same period in 2012. SaskTel's net spending on property, plant and equipment for the first nine months of 2013 was \$188.1 million, up \$41.2 million from the same period in 2012 primarily due to increased spending on Fibre to the Premises as well as enhancements to the 4G and LTE wireless networks, partially offset by government funding in the amount of \$10.0 million related to the First Nations Service Improvement Project and Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development funding for First Nations schools and health facilities. SaskTel's net spending on intangible assets was \$45.1 million, up \$4.5 million from the same period in 2012 primarily due to increased spending on the new Wireless Delivery Environment, the Field Services Efficiency program and Customer Self Serve software, partially offset by reduced spending on Customer Relationship Management software.

Capital expenditures for the balance of 2013 will focus on further investment in growth initiatives while sustaining current capital assets. A large portion of the growth expenditures will see capital investment to increase bandwidth to our customers. Capital investments will include investment in Fiber to the Premise, which will significantly increase access speeds, as well as, the continued enhancements to the 4G cellular network, continued cellular network upgrade to LTE technology, network growth and refurbishment, further investment in *maxTV* Interactive Services, and improved high speed internet quality.

### Cash provided by (used in) financing activities

Millions of dollars	2013	2012	Change	%
Nine months ended September 30,	\$43.9	\$(10.5)	\$54.4	nmf¹

Cash provided by financing activities in the nine months ended September 30, 2013 increased to \$43.9 million, up \$54.4 million from the same period in 2012. This is primarily due to increased short term borrowings and reduced dividend payments, partially offset by reduced long term borrowing compared to 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> nmf – no meaningful figure

#### Liquidity and capital resource ratios

#### **Debt ratio**

	September 30,	December 31,
	2013	2012
Debt ratio	47.4%	43.5%

The debt ratio increased to 47.4%, up from 43.5% at December 31, 2012. The December 31, 2012 debt ratio has been restated for the impact of the adoption of IAS 19 as discussed in Note 2 of the financial statements. Previously it was reported as 42.0%.

The overall level of net debt increased \$100.0 million during the period due to increased short-term debt, partially offset by increased cash and sinking funds.

Retained earnings increased by \$2.5 million to the end of the third quarter of 2013 after recording net income of \$53.2 million and dividends of \$50.7 million.

The debt ratio is calculated as net debt divided by end of period capitalization. Net debt is defined as total debt, including long-term debt, notes payable and the current portion of long-term debt, less sinking funds, and cash and short-term investments. Capitalization includes net debt, equity advances and retained earnings at the period end but excludes amounts included in accumulated other comprehensive loss.

#### 2013 Outlook

The 2012 SaskTel Annual Report identified a consolidated net income target for 2013 of \$93.8 million. At this time, SaskTel is projecting a net income of \$80.1 million.

#### **Risk Assessment**

The 2012 Annual Report discusses the risks and uncertainties in SaskTel's business environment. They include developments in the technological, economic and regulatory environments, competitive activity and cost management initiatives. SaskTel's basic risk profile remains unchanged as at September 30, 2013. Management continues to monitor individual risks as they change and evolve and employs the industry accepted risk management processes of identification, mitigation, transfer, assumption and control of key risks.

# **Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Income and Other Comprehensive Income**

(Unaudited)

	Th	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
Thousands of dollars	Note	(R	estated - Note 2)	(Re	estated - Note 2)
Revenue	4	\$301,157	\$302,372	\$883,633	\$877,593
Other income	4	1,733	2,692	7,505	7,432
		302,890	305,064	891,138	885,025
Expenses					
Goods and services purchased		139,034	134,791	416,652	392,418
Salaries, wages and benefits		88,747	83,161	272,498	256,999
Depreciation	7	39,028	36,383	113,847	114,997
Amortization		8,001	6,773	23,393	17,265
Internal labour capitalized		(5,725)	(4,910)	(16,968)	(14,833)
		269,085	256,198	809,422	766,846
Results from operating activities		33,805	48,866	81,716	118,179
Net finance expense	5	8,807	7,837	28,530	23,559
Net income		24,998	41,029	53,186	94,620
Other comprehensive income (loss) Net actuarial gains (losses) on					
defined benefit pension plan	6	59,443	(7,290)	107,891	(46,578)
Total comprehensive income (loss)		\$84,441	\$33,739	\$161,077	\$48,042

All net income and total comprehensive income are attributable to Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan (CIC).

### **Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Changes in Equity**

(Unaudited)

Thousands of dollars	Equity advances	Accumulated other comprehensive loss (Restated - Note 2)	Retained earnings (Restated - Note 2)	Total equity
Balance at January 1, 2013	\$250,000	\$(169,390)	\$498,247	\$578,857
Net income	-	-	53,186	53,186
Other comprehensive income	-	107,891	-	107,891
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	107,891	53,186	161,077
Dividends	-	-	50,693	50,693
Balance at September 30, 2013	\$250,000	\$(61,499)	\$500,740	\$689,241
Balance at January 1, 2012	\$250,000	\$(154,352)	\$476,234	\$571,882
Net income	-	-	94,620	94,620
Other comprehensive loss	-	(46,578)	-	(46,578)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period	-	(46,578)	94,620	48,042
Dividends	-	-	61,376	61,376
Balance at September 30, 2012	\$250,000	\$(200,930)	\$509,478	\$558,548

### **Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Financial Position**

			(Unaudited)	
		September 30,	December 31,	January 1,
As at		2013	2012	2012
Thousands of dollars	Note		(Restated - Note 2)	(Restated - Note 2)
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash		\$10,272	\$3,466	\$7,998
Trade and other receivables	12a	117,502	129,776	109,920
Inventories	12a	17,435	8,570	8,774
Prepaid expenses	12a	24,105	23,101	18,894
		169,314	164,913	145,586
Property, plant and equipment	7	1,409,040	1,335,155	1,232,019
Intangible assets	8	232,181	210,520	168,875
Sinking funds		88,978	86,695	78,444
Other assets		10,143	12,760	10,317
		\$1,909,656	\$1,810,043	\$1,635,241
Liabilities and Province's equity  Current liabilities				
Trade and other payables	12a	\$147,304	\$158,874	\$132,133
Dividend payable		14,198	22,881	44,834
Notes payable		194,500	85,600	105,000
Other liabilities	12a	64,166	63,362	60,140
		420,168	330,717	342,107
Deferred revenue		7,480	8,067	8,940
Deferred income – government funding	9	49,318	47,985	41,470
Employee benefit obligations		162,352	263,536	237,870
Long-term debt		581,097	580,881	432,972
		1,220,415	1,231,186	1,063,359
Commitments	11			
Province of Saskatchewan's equity				
Equity advance		250,000	250,000	250,000
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(61,499)	(169,390)	(154,352)
Retained earnings		500,740	498,247	476,234
		689,241	578,857	571,882
		\$1,909,656	\$1,810,043	\$1,635,241

### **Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Cash Flows**

(Unaudited)

Nine months ended September 30,

2013

2012

		2013	2012
Thousands of dollars	Note	(Re	stated - Note 2)
Operating activities			
Net income		\$53,186	\$94,620
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided			
by operations			
Depreciation and amortization		137,240	132,262
Contributions to defined benefit pension plan		-	(133)
Pension expense of defined benefit plans		250	
Net financing expense	5	28,530	23,559
Interest paid		(25,771)	(22,322)
Interest received		1,398	1,865
Amortization of government funding	9	(8,480)	(3,755)
Other		6,193	3,433
Net change in non-cash working capital	12b	(6,463)	(37,645)
		186,083	191,884
Investing activities			
Property, plant and equipment expenditures		(188,129)	(146,884)
Intangible assets expenditures		(45,072)	(40,586)
Government funding		10,000	8,319
		(223,201)	(179,151)
Financing activities			
Proceeds from long-term debt		_	147,639
Net proceeds (repayment) of notes payable		108,900	(74,700)
Sinking fund installments		(5,600)	(4,100)
Dividends paid		(59,376)	(79,349)
		43,924	(10,510)
Increase in cash		6,806	2,223
Cash, beginning of period		3,466	7,998
Cash, end of period		\$10,272	\$10,221

#### Note 1 – Basis of preparation

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at and for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 should be read in conjunction with the Saskatchewan Telecommunications Holding Corporation's (the Corporation) December 31, 2012 audited consolidated financial statements. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 Interim Financial Reporting as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at and for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 were approved by the Board of Directors on November 7, 2013.

#### a) Basis of measurement

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following:

- · Fair value through profit and loss financial instruments are measured at fair value, and
- The employee benefit obligations are recognized as the fair value of the plan assets less the present value of the accrued benefit obligation.

#### b) Functional and presentation currency

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Corporation's functional currency.

#### c) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements includes the following:

- Classification of intangible assets indefinite life, and
- Accounting for government funding.

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment within the next financial year includes the following:

- · useful lives and depreciation rates for property plant and equipment,
- useful lives and amortization rates for intangible assets, and
- the measurement of employee benefit obligations.

#### Note 2 – Application of revised International Financial Reporting Standards

#### a. Amendments to IAS 19 Employee Benefits (IAS 19)

The amendments to IAS 19 require that all actuarial gains and losses be recognized immediately in other comprehensive income (OCI) and that the calculation of interest income or expense on the defined benefit obligation and assets be based on the net defined benefit obligation or asset and the discount rate that is used to measure the defined benefit obligation. The calculated amount is required to be disclosed as a net interest income or expense amount. Historically, the Corporation had calculated and separately disclosed; the interest expense on the defined benefit obligation based on the discount rate that is used to measure the defined benefit obligation, and interest income on the defined benefit assets based on the long term expected rate of return on plan assets. The Corporation has chosen to recognize the net interest expense or income as a component of net finance expense and has chosen to report OCI in accumulated other comprehensive income. The new standard also requires additional disclosures.

The Corporation has applied the provisions of IAS 19 retrospectively, in accordance with the transition provisions of the standard.

The impacts of the application of amendments to IAS 19 are as follows:

Impact on net income

	Three months	Nine months	
	ended	ended	Year ended
	September 30,	September 30,	December 31,
Thousands of dollars	2012	2012	2012
Increase in salaries, wages and benefits	\$2,835	\$8,507	\$11,808
Increase in net finance expense	2,877	8,631	11,547
Decrease in net income	\$5,712	\$17,138	\$23,355
Impact on other comprehensive income			
	Three months	Nine months	
	ended	ended	Year ended
	September 30,	September 30,	December 31,
Thousands of dollars	2012	2012	2012
Increase in other comprehensive income	\$5,712	\$17,138	\$23,355
Impact on equity as at January 1, 2012			
	As previously		
Thousands of dollars	reported	Adjustments	As restated

Accumulated other comprehensive loss increase

Retained earnings increase

Total effect on equity

\$(154,352)

\$321,882

476,234

\$(154,352)

154.352

\$ -

\$321,882

\$321,882

Note 2 – Application of revised International Financial Reporting Standards, continued

Impact on equity as at December 31, 2012

Total effect on equity	\$328,857	\$ -	\$328,857
Retained earnings increase	\$328,857	169,390	498,247
Accumulated other comprehensive loss increase	\$ -	\$(169,390)	\$(169,390)
Thousands of dollars	As previously reported	Adjustments	As restated

#### b. Other new standards

The following new standards, and amendments to standards, effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, have been applied in preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements:

- IFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 27, Separate Financial Statements
- IFRS 11, Joint Arrangements
- IFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities
- IFRS 13. Fair Value Measurement
- Amendments to IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements
- Amendments to IAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures
- Amendments to IAS 32, Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities and IFRS 7, Disclosures

The adoption of these standards had no material impact on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements. The new disclosure requirements will be provided in the 2013 annual consolidated financial statements.

### Note 3 – Summary of significant accounting policies

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS. The accounting policies used in the preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements conform with those used in the Corporation's most recent annual consolidated financial statements except as stated in Note 2 – Application of revised International Financial Reporting Standards, and have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

The accounting policies have been applied consistently by the Corporation and its subsidiaries.

#### New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain new standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards were issued by the International Accounting Standards Board or International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee that are mandatory for annual accounting periods beginning after December 31, 2013. The Corporation has assessed that there will not be a significant impact of these pronouncements on its results and financial position.

#### These include:

 IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (IFRS 9 (2012)) amends IFRS 9 (2010) and IFRS 7 to defer the effective date of IFRS 9 and provide additional disclosures about initial adoption of IFRS 9. There is no effective date at this time.

### Note 4 – Revenue

	Three month Septemb		Nine months ended September 30,	
Thousands of dollars	2013	2012	2013	2012
Services revenue				
Wireless	\$118,641	\$117,304	\$348,113	\$339,682
maxTV, Internet and data services	71,917	68,408	216,586	205,827
Local service	63,890	67,050	192,429	201,250
Long distance services	14,161	15,162	43,594	45,973
Advertising and directory services	13,572	13,913	23,767	23,846
Security monitoring services	5,387	5,036	15,499	14,842
Telecommunication software	1,592	1,550	5,197	6,129
Other revenue	11,997	13,949	38,448	40,044
	301,157	302,372	883,633	877,593
Other income				
Net gain (loss) on retirement or disposal of				
property, plant and equipment	(24)	734	(946)	1,065
Amortization of government funding	1,624	1,258	8,480	3,755
Other	133	700	(29)	2,612
	1,733	2,692	7,505	7,432
	\$302,890	\$305,064	\$891,138	\$885,025

#### Note 5 - Net finance expense

	Three months	ended	Nine months ended		
	September 30,		Septembe	r 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Thousands of dollars	(Res	tated - Note 2)	(Re	estated - Note 2)	
Recognized in consolidated net income					
Interest expense on financial liabilities					
measured at amortized cost	\$8,541	\$8,142	\$25,393	\$24,003	
Interest capitalized	(2,326)	(1,602)	(6,188)	(5,003)	
Net interest expense	6,215	6,540	19,205	19,000	
Net change in fair value of financial assets					
at fair value through profit or loss	1,693	158	7,227	1,796	
Net interest on defined benefit liability	2,468	2,877	7,405	8,631	
Finance expense	10,376	9,575	33,837	29,427	
Interest income on unimpaired financial assets					
at fair value through profit or loss	(1,097)	(1,002)	(3,909)	(4,003)	
Interest income on loans and receivables	(472)	(736)	(1,398)	(1,865)	
Finance income	(1,569)	(1,738)	(5,307)	(5,868)	
Net finance expense	\$8,807	\$7,837	\$28,530	\$23,559	
Interest capitalization rate			4.70%	5.31%	

### Note 6 – Employee benefit obligations

Other comprehensive income results from changes to actuarial assumptions related to the assets and liabilities of the Corporation's employee benefit plans, specifically the discount rate used to calculate the liabilities of the employee defined benefit plan and changes in the fair value of the employee benefit defined plan assets resulting from differences in the actual versus estimated return on these assets. The discount rates used are as follows:

	2013	2012
March 31	3.80%	4.20%
June 30	4.00	4.00
September 30	4.50	3.80
December 31	n/a	3.80

Note 6 – Employee benefit obligations, continued

In addition to the other comprehensive income impact detailed below, these assumption changes, combined with pension income, contributions and benefits paid for the period, have resulted in a net decrease in the employee benefit obligations for the period.

	Three months ended		Nine months ended		
	Septembe	er 30,	September 30,		
Thousands of dollars	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Actuarial gain (loss) on accrued benefit obligation	\$61,352	\$(26,975)	\$88,019	\$(66,488)	
Actuarial gain (loss) on plan assets	(1,909)	19,685	19,872	19,910	
Actuarial gains (losses) on employee benefit plans	\$59,443	\$(7,290)	\$107,891	\$(46,578)	

Note 7 - Property, plant and equipment

Tho usands of dollars	Plant and equipment	Buildings and improvements	Office furniture and equipment	Plant under construction	Land	Total
Cost Balance at January 1, 2013 Additions	\$2,814,117 34,616	\$411,044 1,475	\$119,612 10,296	\$143,554 146,490	\$34,254 41	\$3,522,581 192,918
Transfers Retirements and disposals	114,636 (15,724)	18,949 -	182 (3,143)	(134,999) -	1,232 -	- (18,867)
Balance at September 30, 2013	\$2,947,645	\$431,468	\$126,947	\$155,045	\$35,527	\$3,696,632
			•	•	•	•
Balance at January 1, 2012	\$2,642,439	\$393,522	\$97,609	\$115,742	\$32,468	\$3,281,780
Additions	48,670	12	20,445	193,902	1,010	264,039
Transfers	146,079	17,579	1,565	(166,090)	867	-
Retirements and disposals	(23,071)	(69)	(7)	-	(91)	(23,238)
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$2,814,117	\$411,044	\$119,612	\$143,554	\$34,254	\$3,522,581
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance at January 1, 2013	\$2,009,398	\$115,465	\$62,563	\$ -	\$ -	\$2,187,426
Depreciation for the period	92,789	7,003	14,055	-	-	113,847
Retirements and disposals	(12,012)	-	(1,669)	-	-	(13,681)
Balance at September 30, 2013	\$2,090,175	\$122,468	\$74,949	\$ -	\$ -	\$2,287,592
D	<b>4.</b>	<b>*</b> 400.00=	<b>*</b> 40 00 4		•	<b>*</b>
Balance at January 1, 2012	\$1,902,085	\$106,685	\$40,991	\$ -	\$ -	\$2,049,761
Depreciation for the year	127,061	8,828	17,759	-	-	153,648
Retirements, disposals and						
adjustments	(19,748)	(48)	3,813	-	-	(15,983)
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$2,009,398	\$115,465	\$62,563	\$ -	\$ -	\$2,187,426
Carrying amounts						
At January 1, 2013	\$804,719	\$295,579	\$57,049	\$143,554	\$34,254	\$1,335,155
At September 30, 2013	\$857,470	\$309,000	\$51,998	\$155,045	\$35,527	\$1,409,040
	-	_				
At January 1, 2012	\$740,354	\$286,837	\$56,618	\$115,742	\$32,468	\$1,232,019
At December 31, 2012	\$804,719	\$295,579	\$57,049	\$143,554	\$34,254	\$1,335,155

At September 30, 2013 the Corporation had property, plant and equipment that was fully depreciated and still in use with a cost of \$1.6 billion (December 31, 2012 – \$1.6 billion).

Note 8 - Intangible assets

Thousands of dollars	Goodwill	Software	Customer accounts	Spectrum licenses	Under development	Total
Cost						
Balance at January 1, 2013	\$5,976	\$170,996	\$67,539	\$65,981	\$32,980	\$343,472
Acquisitions	-	17,847	2,418	-	9,906	30,171
Acquisitions – internally developed	-	615	-	-	13,332	13,947
Transfers	-	7,667	-	-	(7,667)	-
Balance at September 30, 2013	\$5,976	\$197,125	\$69,957	\$65,981	\$48,551	\$387,590
Balance at January 1, 2012	\$5,976	\$110,578	\$62,099	\$65,981	\$33,158	\$277,792
Acquisitions	-	28,210	5,440	-	14,929	48,579
Acquisitions – internally developed	-	465	-	-	16,781	17,246
Transfers	-	31,888	-	-	(31,888)	-
Retirements and disposals	-	(145)	-	-	-	(145)
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$5,976	\$170,996	\$67,539	\$65,981	\$32,980	\$343,472
Accumulated amortization Balance at January 1, 2013 Amortization for the period	\$ - -	\$89,801 19,288	\$43,151 3,169	<b>\$</b> - -	\$ - -	\$132,952 22,457
Balance at September 30, 2013	\$ -	\$109,089	\$46,320	\$ -	\$ -	\$155,409
Balance at January 1, 2012	\$ -	\$70,416	\$38,501	\$ -	\$ -	\$108,917
Amortization for the year	-	19,530	4,650	-	-	24,180
Retirements and disposals	-	(145)	-	-	-	(145)
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$ -	\$89,801	\$43,151	\$ -	\$ -	\$132,952
Carrying amounts						
At January 1, 2013	\$5,976	\$81,195	\$24,388	\$65,981	\$32,980	\$210,520
At September 30, 2013	\$5,976	\$88,036	\$23,637	\$65,981	\$48,551	\$232,181
				_		
At January 1, 2012	\$5,976	\$40,162	\$23,598	\$65,981	\$33,158	\$168,875
At December 31, 2012	\$5,976	\$81,195	\$24,388	\$65,981	\$32,980	\$210,520

At September 30, 2013 the Corporation had intangible assets that were fully amortized and still in use with a cost of \$54.7 million (December 31, 2012 – \$44.5 million).

#### Note 9 - Deferred income - government funding

In conjunction with the Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development (AAND) funding agreement, the Corporation has received additional funding of \$8.8 million during the period for internet service to selected First Nations schools and health facilities in Saskatchewan as well as \$1.2 million in conjunction with the First Nations Service Improvement Project (FNSIP).

The funding has initially been classified as deferred income to be recognized as related expenses are incurred or amortized as assets related to the program are put into service.

As at						December 31,	
	September 30, 2013						
Thousands of dollars	RIP	SCN	FNSIP	AAND	Total	Total	
Balance, beginning	\$40,297	\$1,132	\$6,844	\$4,514	\$52,787	\$46,045	
Funding	-	-	1,175	8,825	10,000	11,417	
	40,297	1,132	8,019	13,339	62,787	57,462	
Amortization	3,215	55	423	4,787	8,480	4,675	
	37,082	1,077	7,596	8,552	54,307	52,787	
Current portion	4,285	45	497	162	4,989	4,802	
Balance, ending	\$32,797	\$1,032	\$7,099	\$8,390	\$49,318	\$47,985	

#### Note 10 - Fair value of financial instruments

Fair values are approximate amounts at which financial instruments could be exchanged between willing parties based on current markets for instruments with similar characteristics, such as risk, principal and remaining maturities. Fair values are estimates using present value and other valuation techniques which are significantly affected by the assumptions used concerning the amount and timing of estimated future cash flows and discount rates that reflect varying degrees of risk. Therefore, due to the use of judgment and future-oriented information, aggregate fair value amounts should not be interpreted as being realizable in an immediate settlement of the instruments.

As at		September	September 30, 2013		
		Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
Thousands of dollars	Classification (a)	Amount	Value	Amount	Value
Financial assets					
Investments - sinking funds	FVTPL	\$88,978	\$88,978	\$86,695	\$86,695
Financial liabilities					
Long-term debt	OL	\$581,097	\$671,711	\$580,881	\$720,763
Classification details are: FVTPL - fair value through	profit or loss	OL - other liabilities			

Note 10 – Fair value of financial instruments, continued

#### Determination of fair value

For financial instruments listed below, fair value is best evidenced by an independent quoted market price for the same instrument in an active market. An active market is one where quoted prices are readily available, representing regularly occurring transactions. Accordingly, the determination of fair value requires judgment and is based on market information where available and appropriate. Fair value measurements are categorized into levels within a fair value hierarchy based on the nature of the inputs used in the valuation.

Level 1 – Where quoted prices are readily available from an active market.

Level 2 – Valuation model not using quoted prices, but still using predominantly observable market inputs, such as market interest rates.

Level 3 – Where valuation is based on unobservable inputs. There were no items measured at fair value using level 3 during 2012 or 2013.

There were no items transferred between levels in 2012 or 2013.

As at	September 30, 2013			December 31, 2012		
Thousands of dollars	Level 1 Level 2		Total	Level 1	Level 2	Total
Sinking funds	\$ -	\$88,978	\$88,978	\$ -	\$86,695	\$86,695
Long-term debt	\$ -	\$671,711	\$671,711	\$ -	\$720,763	\$720,763

#### Note 11 - Commitments

At September 30, 2013, the Corporation has committed to spend \$95.7 million (December 31, 2012 - \$134.2 million) on property, plant, equipment and \$13.6 million (December 31, 2012 - \$1.3 million) on intangible assets and \$54.8 million (December 31, 2012 - \$116.7 million) related to future operations.

### Note 12 – Additional financial information

#### a) Statement of Financial Position

As at	September 30,	December 31,	January 1,
Thousands of dollars	2013	2012	2012
Trade and other receivables			
Customer accounts receivable	\$82,302	\$91,798	\$76,634
Accrued receivables - customer	15,676	25,543	23,820
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(2,379)	(2,711)	(2,472)
	95,599	114,630	97,982
High cost serving area subsidy	2,019	2,726	5,341
Other	19,884	12,420	6,597
	\$117,502	\$129,776	\$109,920
Inventories			
Inventories for resale	\$12,001	\$6,371	\$4,872
Materials and supplies	5,434	2,199	3,902
	\$17,435	\$8,570	\$8,774
Prepaid expenses	¢47.050	<b>#40.40</b> F	<b>#</b> 40.000
Prepaid expenses	\$17,050 4.240	\$16,165	\$13,862
Deferred service connection charges Short-term prepaid customer incentives	4,219 2,836	4,392 2,544	4,448 584
Short-term prepaid customer incentives	2,030	2,344	
	\$24,105	\$23,101	\$18,894
Trade and other payables			
Trade and other payables  Trade accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$111,394	\$119,843	\$90,932
Payroll and other employee-related liabilities	26,297	32,929	30,228
Other	9,613	6,102	10,973
	\$147,304	\$158,874	\$132,133
Other liabilities	¢47.005	¢40.050	<b>640.000</b>
Advance billings  Deferred customer activation and connection fees	\$47,365 5,248	\$46,358 5,481	\$42,962 6,435
Current portion of deferred income	3,240	5, <del>4</del> 61	0,433
- government funding	4,989	4,802	4,575
Customer deposits	6,564	6,721	6,168
	\$64,166	\$63,362	\$60,140
	40.,.00	¥30,002	ψ30,1 10

Note 12 – Additional financial information, continued

#### b) Supplementary cash flow information

	Nine months ended September 30,		
Thousands of dollars	2013	2012	
Net change in non-cash working capital balances related to operations			
Trade and other receivables	\$12,414	\$(8,321)	
Inventories	(8,865)	(1,839)	
Prepaid expenses	(1,004)	(7,171)	
Trade and other payables	(10,975)	(22,578)	
Services billed in advance	617	3,672	
Deferred revenue	(586)	(684)	
Long-term prepaid customer incentives	1,411	(1,051)	
Deferred expenses	525	327	
	\$(6,463)	\$(37,645)	

#### Note 13 - Capital management

The Corporation does not have share capital. However, the Corporation has received advances from CIC to form its equity capitalization. The advances are an equity investment in the Corporation by CIC.

Due to its ownership structure, the Corporation has no access to capital markets for internal equity. Equity advances in the Corporation are determined by the shareholder on an annual basis. Dividends to CIC are determined through the Saskatchewan Provincial budget process on an annual basis.

The Corporation closely monitors its debt level utilizing the debt ratio as a primary indicator of financial health. The debt ratio measures the amount of debt in a corporation's capital structure. The Corporation uses this measure in assessing the extent of financial leverage and in turn, its financial flexibility. Too high a ratio relative to target indicates an excessive debt burden that may impair the Corporation's ability to withstand downturns in revenues and still meet fixed payment obligations. The ratio is calculated as net debt divided by capitalization at the end of the year.

The Corporation reviews the debt ratio targets of all its subsidiaries on an annual basis to ensure consistency with industry standards. This review includes subsidiary corporations' plans for capital spending. The target debt ratios for subsidiaries are approved by the Board. The Corporation uses targeted debt ratios to compile a weighted average debt to equity ratio for the consolidated entity. The budgeted ratio for 2013 is 46.5% (48.1% adjusted for IAS 19 Employee benefits adoption).

The Corporation raises most of its capital requirements through internal operating activities and long-term debt through the Saskatchewan Ministry of Finance. This type of borrowing allows the Corporation to take advantage of the Province of Saskatchewan's strong credit rating and receive financing at attractive interest rates.

The Corporation made no changes to its approach to capital management during the period.

The Corporation is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

#### Note 13 - Capital management, continued

The debt ratio is as follows:

As at	September 30,	December 31,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012
Thousands of dollars		(Restated - Note 2)	(Restated - Note 2)
Total debt (a)	\$775,597	\$666,481	\$537,972
Less: Sinking funds	88,978	86,695	78,444
Cash and short-term investments	10,272	3,466	7,998
Net debt	676,347	576,320	451,530
Equity (b)	750,740	748,247	726,234
Capitalization	\$1,427,087	\$1,324,567	\$1,177,764
Debt ratio	47.4%	43.5%	38.3%

a) Total debt includes long-term debt, long-term debt due within one year and notes payable

Equity includes equity advances and retained earnings at the end of the period but excludes accumulated other comprehensive loss.